The Environment Agency's Episode Analysis Protocol

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What is an Air Pollution Episode?

"Measured levels of NO₂, PM₁₀, SO₂, benzene or 1,3-butadiene at levels above defined trigger values"

Based on air quality objectives



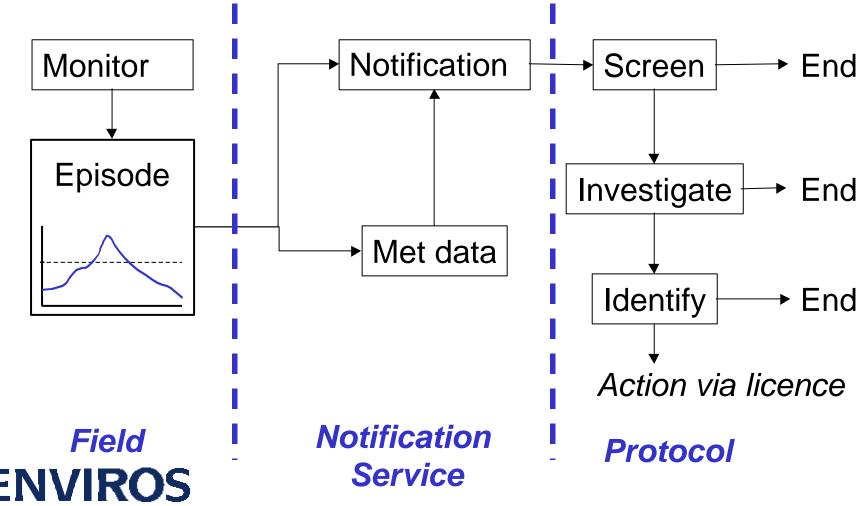


What did the Agency want?

- > The Agency is using a range of tools to ensure that Air Quality Objectives are achieved.
- > If AQO limit values are exceeded:
 - > Need to be made aware;
 - > Need to know the contribution from regulated processes
 - > Need to be in a position to take action if necessary
- > Agency wanted a rapid, robust, consistent episode analysis tool



The Episode Analysis Protocol



knowledge innevation solutions.

Contributors

- > Project sponsored by HMIP / Environment Agency
- > Original system developed by Air Quality Consultants
- > Monitoring network funded by DEFRA
- Notification service provided by NETCEN/ Meteorological Office
- > System reviewed and upgraded by Enviros



New The Episode Analysis Protocol

Accentuate the positive

- > The concept
- > "Decision Tree"
- > Background information on episodes
- > Ownership via named individual
- > Inspector judgement

Eliminate the negative

- > Fewer stages
- > Screen out irrelevant episodes
- > Faster initial evaluation; less paperwork
- > Direct link to Air Quality Objectives



Revising the Protocol

- > Consultation
- > Trial run of existing system
- > Established principles for new system
- > Design, test, prepare documentation
- > Roll out and launch of new system
- > Training course and phone/ email support

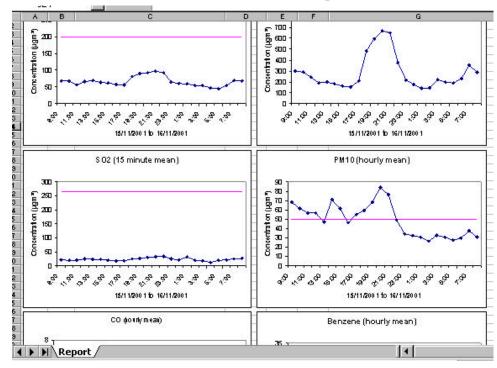
- > Rapid screening especially traffic and instrument failure
- > Email based
- > Robust doesn't eliminate potentially significant episodes
- > Linked to AQOs
- > 3 stages
- > Clear documentation
- Positive launch and ongoing support



What's in the Protocol?

> Stage 1 - Initial Screening

Could Agency-regulated processes have contributed to the episode?

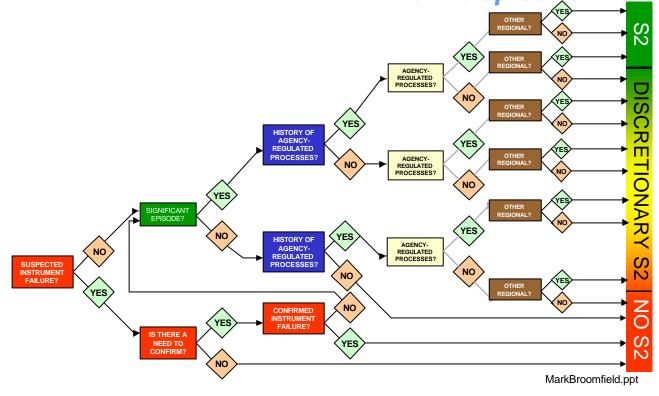




What's in the Protocol?

> Stage 1 - Initial Screening

Could Agency-regulated processes have contributed to the episode?





What's in the Protocol?

> Stage 1 - Initial Screening

Could Agency-regulated processes have contributed to the episode?

> Stage 2 - Source investigation

Are one or more Agencyregulated processes likely to have contributed to the episode?

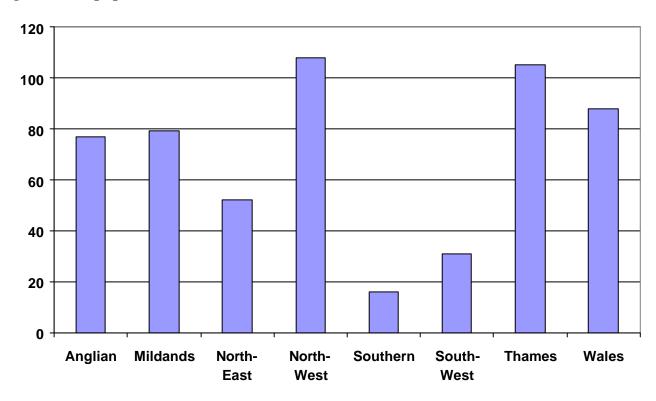
> Stage 3 - Source Identification

Identification of any Agencyregulated processes which contributed to the episode



The Episode Analysis Protocol in Practice

> 556 notifications in 2001





The Episode Analysis Protocol

in Practice

- > 556 notifications in 2001
- > Most notifications for traffic
- > User survey
- > Episodes in East Midlands
- > National episodes
- > EAP highlights the issue; draws data together

- Stage 1 : Spreadsheet, email system, auto graphs and electronic reports: (very) useful
- > Stage 2(3): Useful, but not much experience
- > Documentation: clear and useful
- > Improvements? More information on processes, other regions, data quality



National PM₁₀ Episode, May 2000

- > 10-11 May 2000: Birmingham, Manchester, Nottingham, Sheffield, Scunthorpe, South Wales
- > PM₁₀ levels above 50 µg/m³ for over 48 hours
- > Low visibility, possibly due to sulphate aerosol (SO₂ also elevated in Nottingham). No single process likely to be the cause
- Met Office advised of a possible contribution from Saharan dust
- > Stage 3 investigation "when resources permit"



The Episode Analysis Protocol

Conclusions

- > An air quality management tool for the Environment Agency
- > Particular focus as 2004/5 approaches
- > No plans for further development within the Agency
- > Of interest to other bodies e.g. regional air quality forums?
- > Putting data to work



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